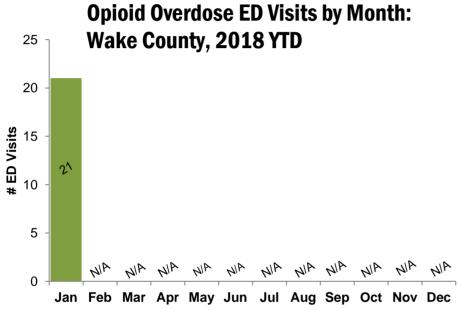


Wake County

2018 YTD

21 OPIOID OVERDOSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS



YTD: Year to Date
Data suppressed for <10 cases
Month(s) shaded in blue are above average YTD
Provisional Data: 2018 ED Visits

NOTE: The North Carolina Disease Event Tracking and Epidemiologic Collection Tool (NC DETECT) is North Carolina's statewide syndromic surveillance system. For training on NCDETECT, contact Amy Ising, ising@ad.unc.edu.

Emergency department visit data from NC DETECT are provisional and should not be considered final. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts: counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes.

Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Race

	2018 YTD	2018 YTD
White	85.7%	88.1%
Black	9.5%	8.9%
Other	4.8%	2.5%

21 Year-to-Date Opioid ED Visits in Wake County

versus January 2017

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Source: NC DETECT: ED; Syndrome: Overdose: Opioid Overdose (ICD-9/10-CM)

Note: Counts based on diagnosis (ICD-9/10-CM code) of an opioid overdose of any intent (accidental, intentional, assault, and undetermined) for North Carolina residents. Opioid overdose cases include poisonings with opium, heroin, opioids, methadone, and other synthetic narcotics.

Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Age Group

